



5. (2) Suppose the following code is executed:

```
LDA#  $E0
OUTB  $30
INB   $30
HLT
```

What does the Accumulator contain after the HLT instruction is executed?

6. (16) Given the following code sequence:

```
.EQU    @,$000
LDA#    $20
L0:    LDX#    7
L1:    STC     L2
L2:    LDX#    8
        LDC     S1
        .WORD  $100009
        STC     L3
L3:    HLT
S1:    .WORD  $3F001A
S2:    .WORD  $000008
S3:    .WORD  $9DA752
        .END
```

What memory locations and registers are **altered** by the execution of this program? Show the values of the registers and memory locations that have **changed** when the program terminates. Assume the program begins execution at location 000.

ACC =            XR =            PC =            SP =            FP =  
MEM[       ] = MEM[       ] = MEM[       ] = MEM[       ] = MEM[       ] =



8. (20) Here is the beginning of some code that calls a subroutine, and the first few statements of the subroutine itself. Write down the contents of the Stack at the point where the subroutine stops. If you do not know the exact contents, write down what they would be ("contents of Accumulator", for example). Assume execution begins at "START" (location 005).

**Assembly Language Program:**

```

                .EQU      @, 000
ARRAY:         .BLKW     3,6
LENGTH:       .WORD     9
COUNT:       .WORD     12

START:        LDS#      $A00
                LDX#      17
                LDA#      256
                TSF
                PSH#      ARRAY
                PSH       LENGTH
                PSH#      COUNT
                JSR PAR
                HLT

                .EQU      @,$100
                .EQU      CNT,4
                .EQU      ARR,3
                .EQU      LENTH,2

PAR:          BGN#      3
                PSHA
                PSHX

```

*(Write down Contents of Stack at this point, as well as the value of the Stack Pointer and the Frame Pointer)*

Mem Address	Mem Contents
<b>SP=</b>	<b>FP=</b>

9. (16) The following is an interrupt-driven program that will beep every time you press any character on the keyboard. This program will not work as shown - there are at least 4 lines missing that are necessary in order to make the program function correctly, and 4 others that are incorrect. Your task is to fill in the missing lines and fix the incorrect ones.

```
.EQU          KBD_CNTL,$000
.EQU          KBD_DATA,$001
.EQU          CRT_DATA,$317

.EQU          INTERRUPT_ENA,$40
.EQU          BELL,$07
.EQU          STACKTOP,$E00

MAIN:

    LDA#      INTERRUPT_ENA          ; enable kbd interrupts
    OUTB      KBD_DATA

LOOP:

    NOP
    JMP       LOOP

KBD_ISR:

    PSHA      ; save registers
    INB       KBD_DATA              ; read keystroke
    LDA#      BELL                  ; ring bell
    OUTB      CRT_DATA

EXIT:

    POPX     ; restore registers
    RTN

.END
```

ASCII Table (MSD = Most Significant Digit)																
MSD (Hex)	Least Significant Digit (Hex)															
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
2	space	!	"	#	\$	%	&	,	(	)	*	+	'	-	.	/
3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?
4	@	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
5	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	[	\	]	^	_
6	'	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	h	k	l	m	n	o
7	p	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	y	z	{		}		del

**Instructions:**

Instruction	Opcode (in Hex)
LDA	00
LDX	01
LDS	02
LDF	03
LDC	50
STA	04
STX	05
STS	06
STF	07
STC	51
ADA	10
ADX	11
ADS	12
ADF	13
SBA	14
SBX	15
SBS	16
SBF	17
CMA	20
CMX	21
CMS	22
CMF	23
HLT	FFFFFF

**Addressing Modes:**

Mode	Opcode
Immediate	0
Frame Immediate	1
Direct	2
Frame Direct	3
Indexed	4
Frame Indexed	5
Indirect	6
Indirect Indexed	8

**I/O Port Information:**

I/O Port	Register
\$000	Keyboard Control
\$000	Keyboard Status
\$010	Printer Control
\$010	Printer Status
\$020	Tape Drive Control
\$020	Tape Drive Status
\$030	Timer Control
\$030	Timer Status
\$316	CRT Control

<b>Keyboard</b>		
Register	Bit Number 7654 3210	Interpretation
Control	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx xxxx	1 = enable interrupts, 0 = disable interrupts 1 = flush buffer, 0 = no operation unused (no affect)
Status	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx xxxx	1 = ready (data available) 1 = interrupt enabled unused (always zero)
Interrupt Addr		\$FF8

<b>Tape Drive</b>		
Register	Bit Number 7654 3210	Interpretation
Control	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx ----  ---- xxxx	1 = enable interrupts, 0 = disable interrupts 1 = clear interrupt request, 0 = no operation 00 = no operation 01 = read record 10 = write record 11 = rewind tape unused (no affect)
Status	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --x- ---- ---x ---- ---- 1--- ---- -xxx	1 = ready (to begin new operation) 1 = interrupt enabled 1 = tape mounted 1 = interrupt pending 1 = end of tape encountered on read unused (always zero)
Interrupt Addr		\$FFA

<b>Printer</b>		
Register	Bit Number 7654 3210	Interpretation
Control	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx xxxx	1 = enable interrupts, 0 = disable interrupts 1 = clear interrupt request, 0 = no operation unused (no affect)
Status	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --x- ---- ---x ---- ---- xxxx	1 = ready (to receive character) 1 = interrupt enabled 1 = printer on-line 1 = interrupt pending unused (always zero)
Interrupt Addr		\$FF9

<b>Timer</b>		
Register	Bit Number 7654 3210	Interpretation
Control	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx ----  ---- xxxx	1 = enable interrupts, 0 = disable interrupts 1 = clear ready bit, 0 = no operation 00 = no operation 01 = start timer (after loading counter) 10 = stop timer 11 = start timer (without loading counter) unused (no affect)
Status	x--- ---- -x-- ---- --xx xxxx	1 = ready (count complete) 1 = interrupt enabled unused (always zero)
Interrupt Addr		\$FFB